झारखण्ड
JHĀRKHAND

STATE MAP
Scale 1:600,000

Baidyanāth Dhām, Devghar

भारतीय सर्वेक्षण विभाग | SURVEY OF INDIA

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ABOUT JHĀRKHAND

Jhārkhand, one of India's newest states, was carved out of southern portion of Bihār in 2000. It is located in the north eastern part of the country. It is surrounded by the states of Bihār to the north, West Bengal to the east, Odisha to the south, Chhattīsgarh to the west and Uttar – Pradesh to the north west. Its capital is Rānchi. The major cities of the states are Rānchi, Jamshedpur, Dhanbād, Jharia-Sindri and Bokāro-Chās.

The most prominent physical feature of Jhārkhand is the Chota Nāgpur plateau, part of the vast Deccan plateau that occupies most of peninsular India. Chota Nāgpur, actually a series of plateaus, hills and valleys covers nearly the entire state and consists primarily of crystalline rocks. The main plateaus, Hazāribāg and Rānchi are separated by the faulted sedimentary coal-bearing basin of the Dāmodar River, and they average about 2,000 feet (610 meters) in elevation.

In addition to the Dāmodar River in the northeast, the state is drained by the Subarnarekha River in the southeast and by the Brahmani River in the south. A third major river, the Son, runs along much of the northwestern state boundary. The soil in the Dāmodar valley is sandy, but heavier red soils are typical of the plateau regions.

Jhārkhand has a population of about 32,966,238, (Census–2011). Two fifth of which consists of various indigenous peoples classified as Scheduled Tribes, as well as members of the Scheduled Castes. The Santāli, Orāon (Kurukh), Munda, Kharia and Ho are the principal indigenous groups, and together they constitute the great majority of the total tribal population. Non–Schedules peoples, who hold a higher status within the tradition Indian social system, constitute most of the remaining three–fifth of the population.

More than one–fourth of Jhārkhand's land area is forested. Most forests occur on the Chota Nāgpur Plateau. Chota Nāgpur is rich in sāl, a valuable hardwood. Other trees include āsan, mahua, bamboo and bhabar. The Hazāribāg Wildlife Sanctuary is noted for its Bengal tigers. These endangered animals, along with leopard, elephants, and bears, inhabit only the more remote forest.

Jhārkhand is endowed with surface water and groundwater, fertile land, and a moderate climate, all of which have helped the state build a strong agriculture sector. The state's agricultural–development programs have especially emphasized the raising of livestock for meat, dairy products and wool.

The Chota Nāgpur plateau is the richest mineral belt in India, and it is responsible for a significant share of the country's mineral yield. Jhārkhand produces almost the entire national output of copper, kyanite, pyrite.

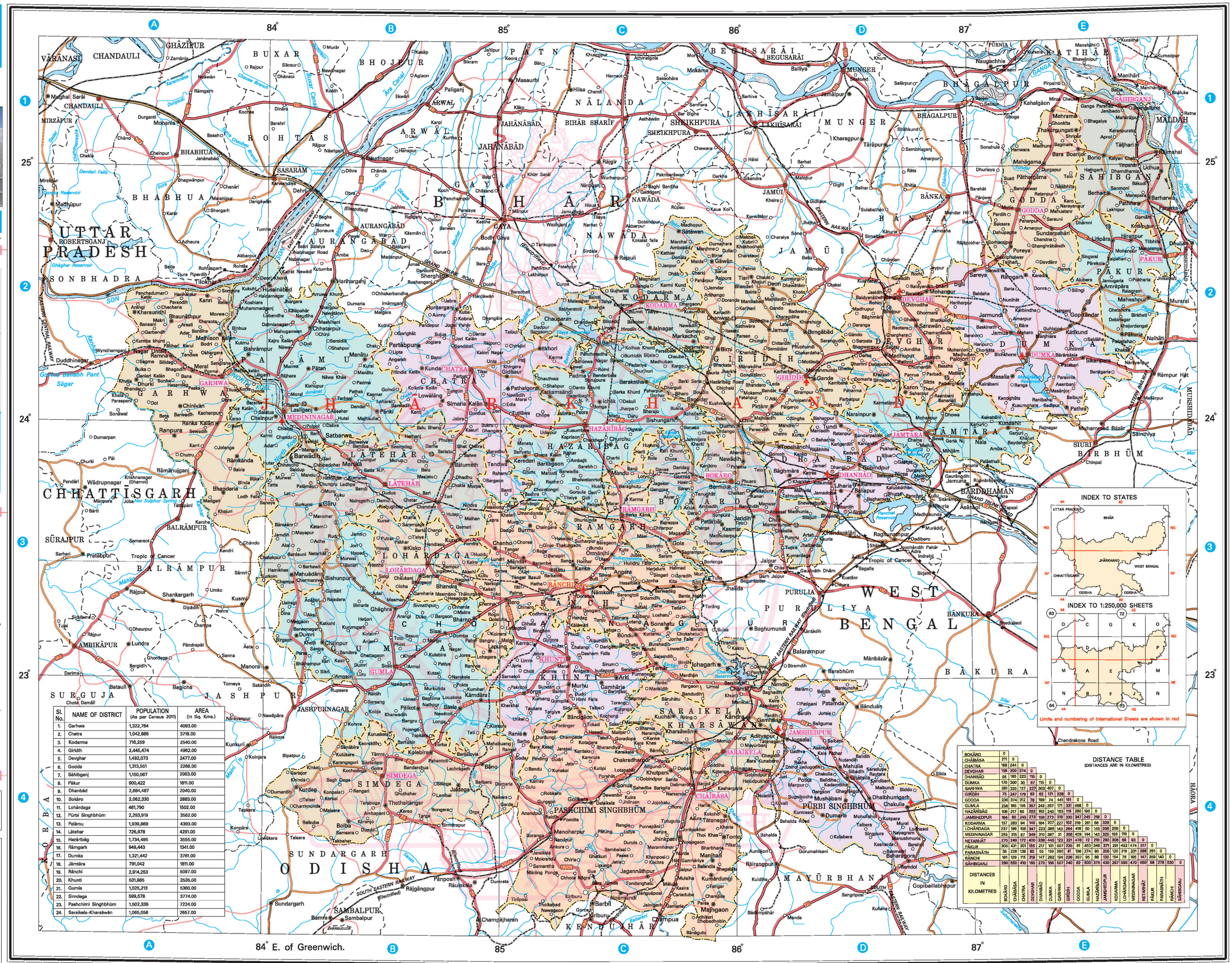
LIST OF TOURIST PLACES

Netarhāt	B3	Hundru Falls	C3
Lodh Falls	A3	Jonha Falls	C3
Betla National Park (N.P.)	B3	Dasham Falls	C3
Parasnāth Mandir	D3	Hirni Falls	C4
Hazāribāg National Park (N.P.)	C2	Baidyanāth Dhām	D2
Rājrappa Mandir	C3		

REFERENCES

Name of district	RĀMGARH
,, state headquarter	RANCHI
,, district headquarter	GARHWA
,, tahsil / tahluk headquarter	Māndar
,, important town	Gobindpur
Tourist Place	
Head quarter: state; district; tahsil. Other towns	
Aerodrome: International; other	
Railway. broad gauge, double line.with station	Piska
,, ,, single line with bridge.	
Stream: perennial: non–perennial.	
Golden Quadrilateral road with No.	12
National Highway road with No.	22
State Highway road with No.	3
Road others with bridge	
Boundary state.	
Boundary district.	

Scale 1:600,000
1 Centimetre = 6 Kilometres
Kilometres 10 5 0 10 20 30 Kilometres



Sl. No.	NAME OF DISTRICT	POPULATION (As per Census 2011)	AREA (In Sq. Kms.)
1.	Garhwa	1,322,784	4093.00
2.	Chatra	1,042,886	3718.00
3.	Kodarma	716,259	2540.00
4.	Giridih	2,445,474	4962.00
5.	Devghar	1,492,073	2477.00
6.	Godda	1,313,551	2266.00
7.	Sāhibganj	1,150,567	2063.00
8.	Pākur	900,422	1811.00
9.	Dhanbād	2,684,487	2040.00
10.	Bokāro	2,062,330	2883.00
11.	Lohārdaga	461,790	1502.00
12.	Pūrbi Singhbhūm	2,293,919	3562.00
13.	Palāmu	1,939,869	4393.00
14.	Latehar	726,978	4291.00
15.	Hazāribāg	1,734,495	3555.00
16.	Rāmgarh	949,443	1341.00
17.	Dumka	1,321,442	3761.00
18.	Jāmtāra	791,042	1811.00
19.	Rānchi	2,914,253	5097.00
20.	Khunti	531,885	2535.00
21.	Gumla	1,025,213	5360.00
22.	Simdega	599,578	3774.00
23.	Paschimi Singhbhūm	1,502,338	7224.00
24.	Saraikela–Kharsāwān	1,065,056	2657.00

DISTANCES IN KILOMETRES	BOKĀRO	CHĀIBĀSA	CHATRA	DEVGHAR	DHANBĀD	DUMKA	GARHWA	GIRIDIH	GODDA	GUMLA	HAZĀRĪBĀG	JAMSHEDPUR	KODARMA	LOHĀRDAGA	MEDINNAGAR	NETARHĀT	PĀKUR	PARASNĀTH	RĀNCHI	SĀHIBGANJ
BOKĀRO	0																			
CHĀIBĀSA	211	0																		
CHATRA	188	244	0																	
DEVGHAR	158	300	374	0																
DHANBĀD	55	185	223	115	0															
DUMKA	170	300	30	67	115	0														
GARHWA	281	335	127	227	303	407	0													
GIRIDIH	75	247	179	93	62	121	228	0												
GODDA	236	374	312	78	189	74	441	161	0											
GUMLA	256	185	156	357	242	357	171	331	468	0										
HAZĀRĪBĀG	108	217	60	202	163	240	183	119	280	195	0									
JAMSHEDPUR	194	80	245	273	168	272	318	330	347	245	298	0								
KODARMA	137	283	94	140	164	207	227	102	219	261	66	329	0							
LOHĀRDAGA	237	196	106	347	223	385	143	264	418	50	145	206	200	0						
MEDINNAGAR	255	315	97	349	310	387	31	268	409	144	143	325	193	119	0					
NETARHĀT	275	249	172	400	338	440	123	321	478	72	210	280	308	69	93	0				
PĀKUR	305	431	301	155	217	101	507	235	81	453	348	371	291	492	474	517	0			
PARASNĀTH	35	228	138	80	55	169	260	41	156	274	80	200	120	218	231	288	261	0		
RĀNCHI	161	129	115	259	147	282	194	236	357	95	88	130	154	76	195	147	359	140	0	
SĀHIBGANJ	290	550	410	160	270	156	507	240	82	600	375	430	297	593	470	660	98	278	530	0

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INDIA भारत

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